

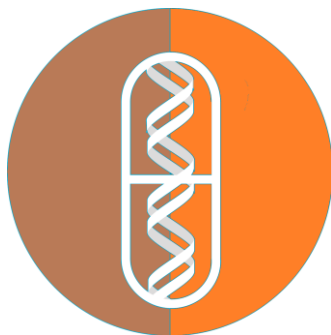
Epigeneron's key technologies for drug discovery research

Epigeneron, Inc.

October 3, 2019



Epigeneron



First-in-class drug target identification

by locus-specific ChIP technology
to identify novel drug targets which
modulate gene expression

	Prevalent cases	Revenue of drugs	Challenges
HBV	294.5 Mil	\$2.3 Bil	Limited efficacy and limited accessible drugs
HIV	36.7 Mil	\$22.0 Bil	No drug to remove or inactivate provirus (Limited efficacy)
Pathogenic bacteria	> 300 Mil	\$38.3 bil	Outbreaks of drug-resistant bacteria

Source: WHO, BCC publishing, CDC, Hepatitis B foundation, World bank, etc

**Challenges
to the conventional approaches**

Limited efficacy
Resistant to existing
antibiotics



Our solutions

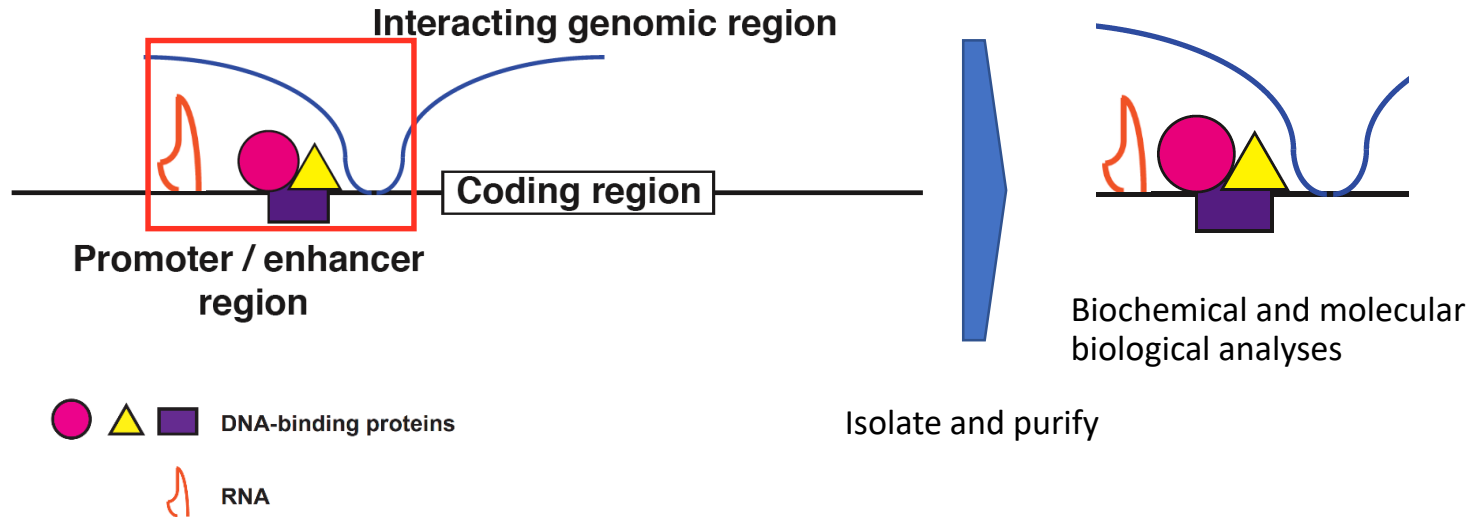
Viruses

- ✓ Targeting virus genome themselves.

Bacteria

- ✓ Not to kill the pathogens but to remove pathogenicity
- ✓ Targeting effector genes that give pathogenicity to pathogens

- Locus-specific ChIP is to isolate specific genomic regions while retaining molecular interactions to identify molecules (proteins, RNAs, and other genomic regions) associated with the target genomic regions.
- The locus-tagging can be achieved by (1) insertion of the recognition sequences of an exogenous DNA-binding molecule or (2) engineered DNA-binding molecules such as the CRISPR system.



Transcription factors

Enzymes modifying histones and other proteins / RNAs*

DNA modifying enzymes*

Chromatin remodelers

DNA-binding proteins

DNA-binding RNA

Genomic regions regulating gene expression such as enhancers and silencers

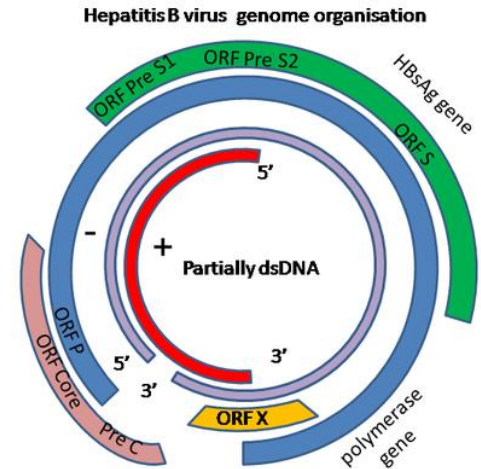
***: Potentially appropriate drug targets of drug discovery research**

Strategy

- Suppress viral transcription and replication.

Approach

- Target the HBV genome in the host hepatocytes.
- Identify molecules associated with the HBV genome that function in transcription and replication of the viral genome.
- Develop inhibitors of the identified drug targets.

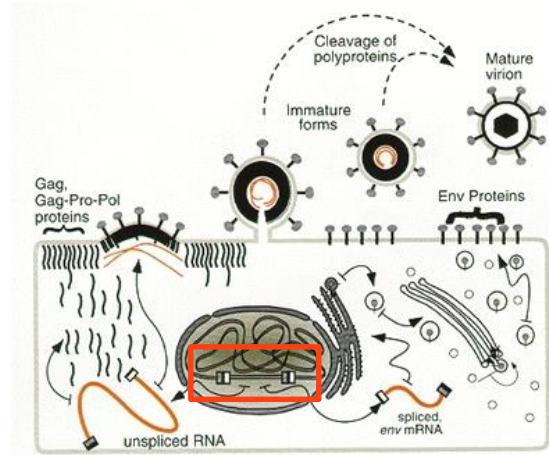


Strategy

- Suppress activation of pro-virus.

Approach

- Target the HIV pro-virus integrated in the host genome.
- Identify molecules associated with the HIV pro-virus that function in activation of the pro-virus.
- Develop inhibitors of the identified drug targets.

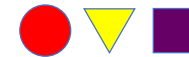
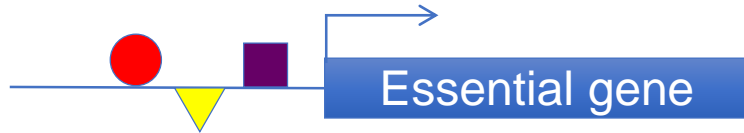


Strategy

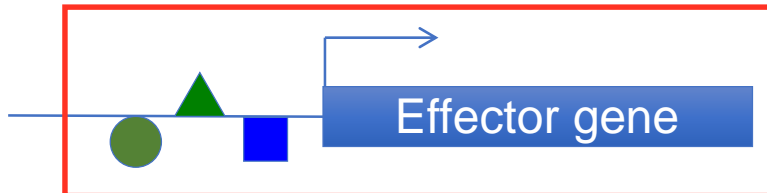
- Do not induce emergence of drug-resistant pathogens.
- Not to kill the pathogens but to remove pathogenicity.

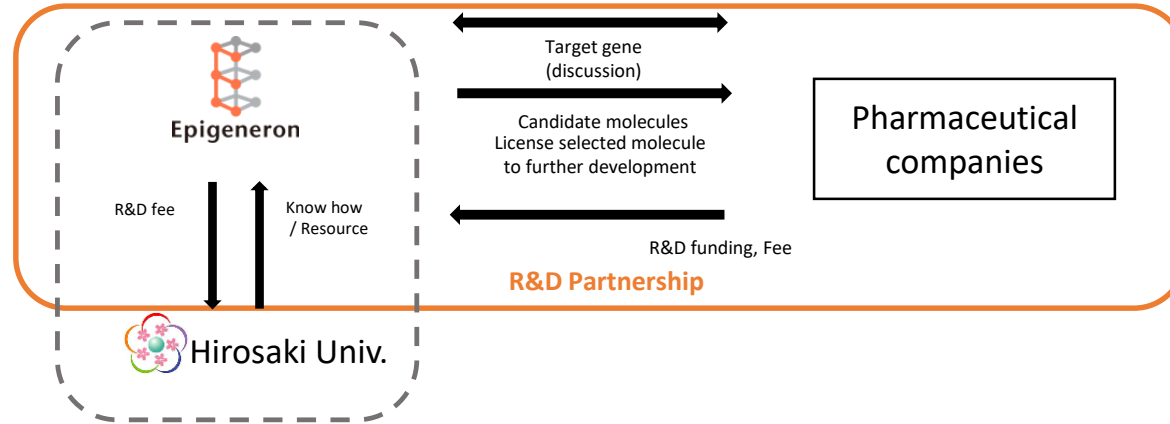
Approach

- Target the bacterial genome regulating:
 - ✓ Genes essential for survival of the pathogen.
 - ✓ Effector genes involved in pathogenesis.



Candidate
drug targets





Strength of Epigeneron:

- Proven track record for iChIP/enChIP technology.
- Identify potential drug targets within 6-12 months.
- Research collaboration in translational research with Hirosaki University School of Medicine.

Locus-specific ChIP:

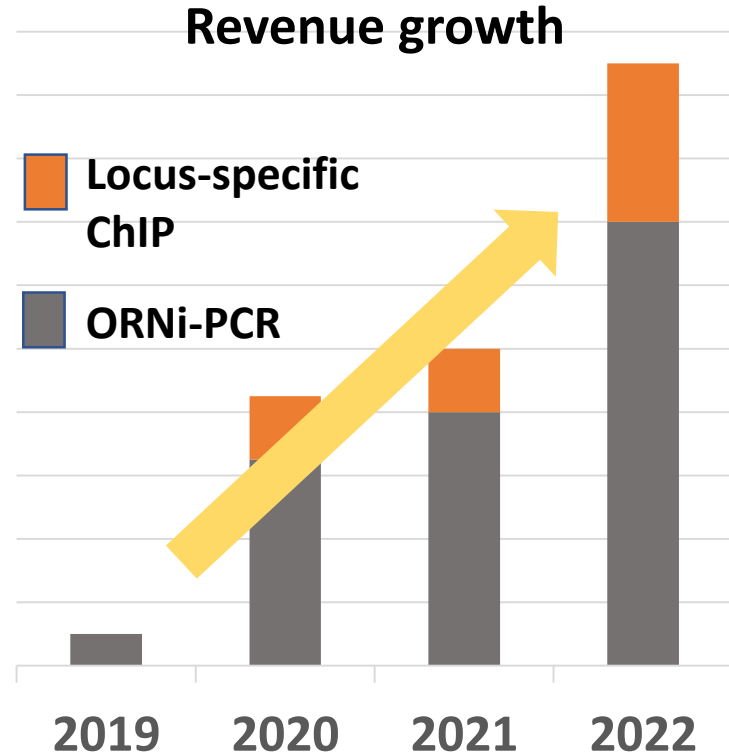
- Research collaboration with RaQualia for idiopathic pediatric nephrotic syndrome
- Progress of in-house projects:
 - ✓ Oncology: p16 and tumor-specific PD-L1
 - ✓ Neurology: APP

ORNi-PCR (other platform technology) :

- Commercialization for detection of genome-edited cells
- License to diagnostics, medical device and CDMO companies

Financing:

- Series B



- April 16, 2015:** **Founded as LLC**
- Dec, 2017:** **Incorporated**
- Feb, 2018:** **Seed round [15 M JPY (ca. \$14k)] from
University of Tokyo Edge Capital (UTEC)**
- May, 2018:** **Opened research Facility in Bayer
CoLaborator in Kobe**
- Sep, 2018:** **Series A [200 M JPY (ca. \$1.9M)] from UTEC**

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Thank you!